Mobridge Municipal Airport

Master Plan Project Report to City Council October 8, 2025



Agenda

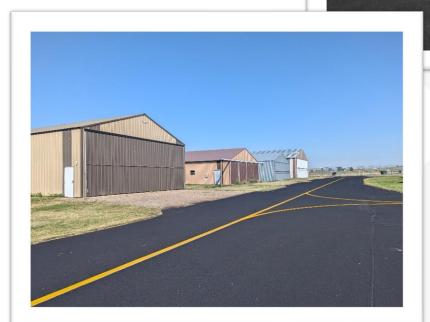
- > Project Review
- Preferred Airfield Alternative
- > Terminal Area Alternative
- > Implementation
- > Airport Layout Plan

Thank You Planning Advisory Committee

John Ayoub Jeff Jackson

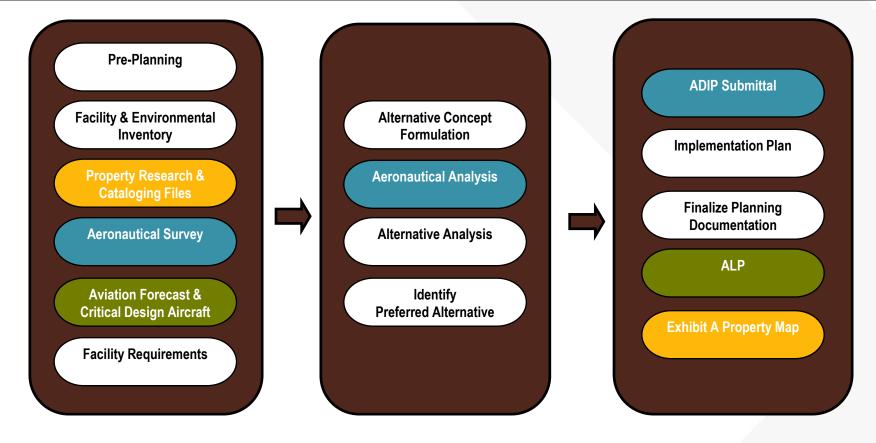
Kyle Jensen Michelle Harrison

Heather Beck Brady Fuhrer





Project Workflow



Public Involvement

FAA Approval Point

ADIP Components

Exhibit A Components



Existing Airfield

- Currently Design Group A/B-II
- > Paved Runway 12-30
 - > GPS Approach both ends
 - > 1 mile visibility
 - > 600' ceiling
 - > 2-light PAPI
 - > Rwy 12 (No Night Approach)
- > Turf Runway 17-35
- > Previous ALP from 2005
 - No Aeronautical Survey
 - No Property Research
 - Previous FAA Design Standards



Wind Analysis

ALL-WEATHER WIND COVERAGE						
CONFIGURATION	CROSSWIND COMPONENT					
	10.5 KNOTS	13 KNOTS	16 KNOTS	20 KNOTS		
RUNWAY 12-30	92.67%	96.90%	99.03%	-		
RUNWAY 17-35	88.29%	93.95%	-	-		
	-	-	-	-		
COMBINED	98.32%	99.36%	99.03%	-		

SOURCE: KMBG ASOS (2013-2022, HOURLY) FROM NATIONAL CLIMATIC DATA CENTER 86,117 TOTAL OBSERVATIONS

INSTRUMENT FLIGHT RULES (IFR) WIND COVERAGE						
CONFIGURATION	CROSSWIND COMPONENT					
	10.5 KNOTS	13 KNOTS	16 KNOTS	20 KNOTS		
RUNWAY 12-30	85.23%	92.64%	96.82%	-		
RUNWAY 17-35	-	-	-	-		
	-	-	-	-		
COMBINED	85.23%	92.64%	96.82%	-		

SOURCE: KMBG ASOS (2013-2022, HOURLY) FROM NATIONAL CLIMATIC DATA CENTER 5,573 TOTAL OBSERVATIONS

IFR = VISIBILITY LOWER THAN 3 MILES OR CEILING LOWER THAN 1,000 FEET

95% Desirable Wind Coverage

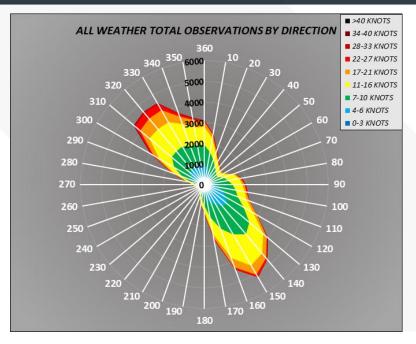


Table B-1. Allowable Crosswind Component per Runway Design Code (RDC)

RDC	Allowable Crosswind Component
A-I and B-I *	10.5 knots
A-II and B-II	13 knots
A-III, B-III, C-I through D-III D-I through D-III	16 knots
A-IV and B-IV, C-IV through C-VI, D-IV through D-VI	20 knots
E-I through E-VI	20 knots

Note: * Includes A-I and B-I small aircraft.

Instrument Meteorological Conditions

- Airport is accessible 97.8% of the time (93.5% VMC, 4.3% Usable IMC)
- > 83% of IFR conditions occur between 1am and 10am
 - > 42% between 1am and 6am
 - > 41% between 7am and 10am
- Air medical companies stated can't use Runway 12 at night and if the winds are out of the south

Weather Condition	Percentage			Days Per Year	Hours Per Year
VMC	93.53%			341.4	8,193
Usable IMC - 1 Mile Visibility					
557-foot Ceiling Runway 12	4.29%		15.7	376	
292-foot Ceiling Runway 30					
Existing Usability		97.82%		357.1	8,569
Additional Capture with	D 42	Wind Color	D 20		
IMC Improvements	Rwy 12	Wind Calm	Rwy 30		
1 Mile Visibility					
300-foot Ceiling Runway 12	0.66%	0.00%	0.00%	<mark>2.4</mark>	<mark>58</mark>
292-foot Ceiling Runway 30					
¾ Mile Visibility					
300-foot Ceiling Runway 12	0.440/	0.01%	0.17%	1.0	
292-foot Ceiling Runway 30	0.11%				<mark>24</mark>
Parallel Taxiway Required					
Below Weather Minimums		2.18%		7.9	191
Total		100.00%	_	365.0	8,760

Table 2-7 – Meteorological Analysis, p.2-5

Aircraft

Critical Design Aircraft

Aircraft Approach Category B

- Represents speed that aircraft approaches runway
- 91 to 121 Kts

Airplane Design Group II

- Represents wingspan and height of aircraft
- 49' to 79' wingspan

Taxiway Design Group 2A

- Represents pavement width and turning clearance needed by aircraft
- Main Gear Width 15' to 20'
- Cockpit to Main Gear 20' to 40'



Based Aircraft

• 13 single engine aircraft

Operations

- 1,542 total itinerant
- 4,000 total local
- 5,542 Total Operations

Outreach Findings

- Medical/Business users do not use the turf runway but would like a parallel taxiway (difficult to use turnarounds in winter)
- Local users would like a parallel taxiway but not at the expense of the turf runway.
- > Apron space is adequate except during hunting season and do not like the layout, particularly location of the fueling island.



Airport and Runway Data						
Longest Runway Length (Runway 12-30)	4,410 feet					
Airport Elevation	1,716.2 ft					
Mean Daily Maximum Temperature of Hottest Month	87.4°F					
Aircraft Classification	Recommended Runway Length					
Small Airplanes 12,500 Pounds or less						
10 or more passenger seats	4,410 fe	et				
Less than 10 passenger seats at 100 percent of fleet	4,280 feet					
Less than 10 passenger seats at 95 percent of fleet	3,700 feet					
Small Aircraft Runway Length Analysis Tool	Dry	Wet				
Cessna 172 Skyhawk	2,074 feet	2,385 feet				
Cessna 182 Skylane	1,947 feet	2,239 feet				
Cessna 340	4,544 feet	5,226 feet				
Cessna 402B	4,098 feet	4,713 feet				
Cirrus SR 22 Turbo	2,951 feet	3,394 feet				
Mooney M20J	3,678 feet	4,230 feet				
Piper 28B Dakota	1,997 feet	2,297 feet				
Beechcraft King Air B200GT	3,916 feet	4,503 feet				
Beechcraft King Air C90	3,233 feet	3,718 feet				
Cessna 208 Caravan	2,659 feet	3,058 feet				
Pilatus PC-12	3,648 feet	4,195 feet				
Piper PA-46 Malibu Meridian	3,076 feet	3,537 feet				
Beechcraft 1900D	3,850 feet	-				
Cessna 560 XL	4,927 feet	5,666 feet				
Phenom 300	4,547 feet	5,229 feet				

Preferred Airfield

- **>** Runway 12-30
 - > 4,410' x 75'
 - > Instrument Approaches (12 & 30)
 - > Parallel Taxiway (300' separation)
 - Mitigate Obstructions (Trees)
- **>** Runway 17-35
 - > 2,207' x 250' Turf
 - Mitigate Obstructions (relocate threshold)



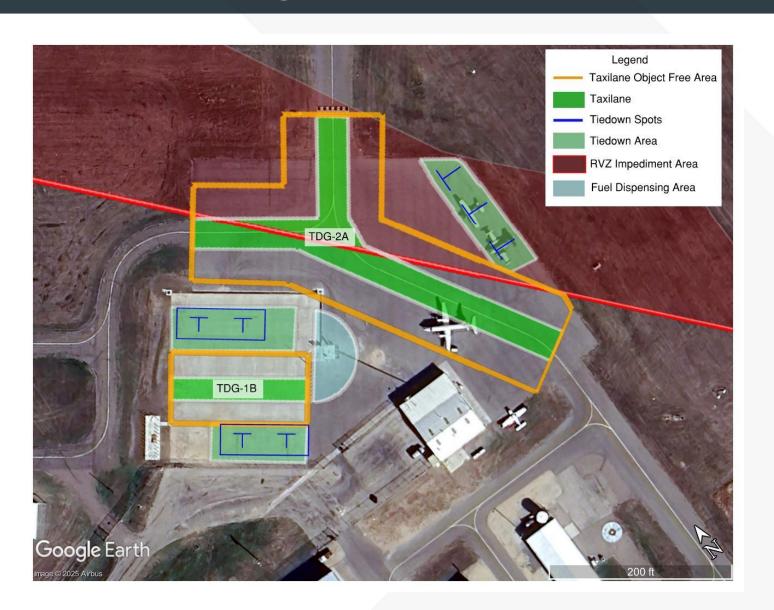
Items Considered for Terminal/Hangar Alternatives

- > Current Apron layout
- > Group I & II T-Hangars and individual box hangars
- > Large hangars on Apron for Group II aircraft
- Accommodate relocation of all North Tenants to South Area
- > Fuel farm location
- Area for FBO/Maintenance Operator
- Landside access



Terminal/Hangar Area

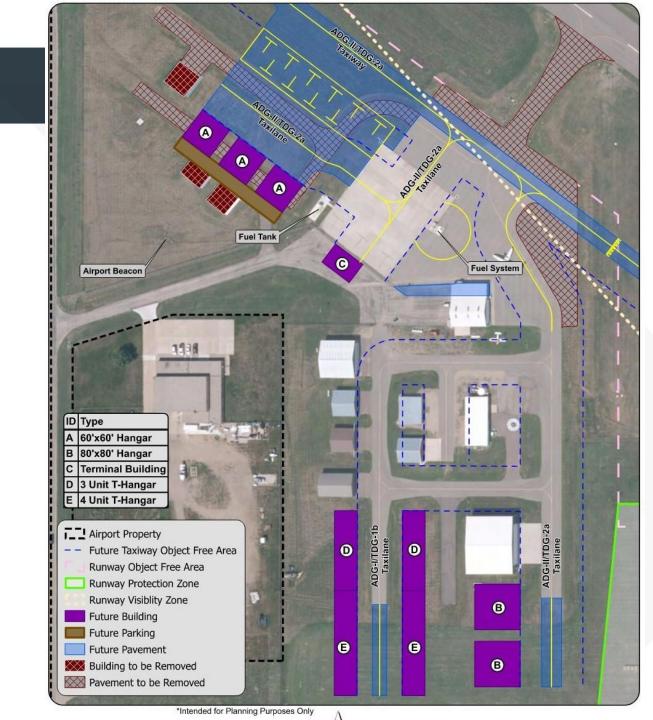
- > 7 ADG I positions
- Need for ADG II
- Fuel Access
- Runway Visibility Zone



Preferred Terminal Area

- Expand Apron North
- Maintain existing Fuel Farm and Fuel Island
- Remove tiedowns from RVZ
- Central location for Terminal
- ADG-II Hangars on Apron
- > ADG-I Hangars on Taxilanes

Allows Different Types of Development without impediment



Implementation

- **CIP**
 - > Apron Expansion
 - Parallel Taxiway
- Restore Runway 12 Approach
- Compatible Land Use
 - > Residence in RPZ
- Clear Zone Easements
 - > Enacted 1958-59 (Federally Funded)
 - > 40:1 Surfaces for Runway 12 & 30
- Obstruction Mitigation
 - Grading
 - **Trees**
 - > Runway 17 Threshold



KLJ

Capital Improvement Plan

Year	Project	Scope	Estimated Cost	FAA Funds	State Funds	Local Funds	Other	
Near-Ter	Near-Term (2025-2030)							
2027	Phase 1 Apron Extension Design	Design to relocate three tiedowns to extended apron, remove hangar taxilane & apron expansion	\$140,000	\$126,000	\$7,000	\$7,000	-	
2027	Remove Hangars	Remove hangars 1, 3, & 4	\$24,000	-	-	\$24,000	-	
2028	Phase 1 Apron Extension Construction	Relocate three tiedowns, remove hangar taxilane & extend apron north (4,000 SY) and five tiedowns	\$1,580,000	\$1,422,000	\$79,000	\$79,000	-	
2028	Airfield Pavement Maintenance	State pavement maintenance project, crack seal	\$100,000	\$90,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	-	
		Sub-Total	\$1,844,000	\$1,638,000	\$91,000	\$115,000	\$ 0	
Mid-Terr	m (2031-2035)							
	Parallel Taxiway (South)	New taxiway from Runway 30 turnaround to the south edge of the current apron with connector, 605'x35' & 80'x35'	\$1,330,000	\$1,197,000	\$66,500	\$66,500	-	
	Row Hangar (3 unit)	New 3-unit row hangar on current southwest taxilane	\$800,000	\$0	\$0	\$800,000	-	
	Apron Hangar	New large box hangar on Phase 1 apron extension	\$825,000	\$742,500	\$0	\$82,500	-	
	T-Hangar (3 unit)	New 3-unit T-Hangar between current southwest and south center taxilanes	\$660,000	\$0	\$0	\$660,000	-	
	Parallel Taxiway (Center)	New taxiway from north corner of apron to the new connector, 495'x35' & 245'x35'; Remove 2,480 SY of apron and connecting taxiway	\$2,344,000	\$2,109,600	\$117,200	\$117,200	-	
		Sub-Total	\$5,959,000	\$4,049,100	\$183,700	\$1,726,200	\$0	
Long-Ter	Long-Term (2036-2045)							
	Parallel Taxiway (North)	New taxiway from connector to Runway 12 turnaround, 2,740'x35'	\$5,760,300	\$5,184,270	\$288,015	\$288,015	-	
	Phase 2 Apron Extension	Add apron (3,200 SY) north of Phase 1 extension (four tiedowns)	\$1,000,000	\$900,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	-	
	Access Road & Parking	New 200'x25' access road and parking behind new apron hangars	\$300,000	\$270,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	-	
	Terminal	New 60'x30' terminal building, reconfigure parking lot, remove existing terminal, and replace with pavement (365 SY)	\$2,100,000	\$1,890,000	\$105,000	\$105,000	-	
	Phase 3 Apron Extension	Add apron (3,200 SY) north of Phase 2 extension (three tiedowns)	\$1,000,000	\$900,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	-	
	Sub-Total Sub-Total		\$10,160,300	\$9,144,270	\$508,015	\$508,015	\$ 0	
	TOTAL		\$17,963,300 \$2,285,000	\$14,831,370	\$782,715	\$2,349,215	\$0	
	Hangar Development (Demand Based)			\$742,500	\$0	\$1,542,500		
		Other Development (Demand Based)	\$8,060,300	\$7,254,270	\$403,015	\$403,015		

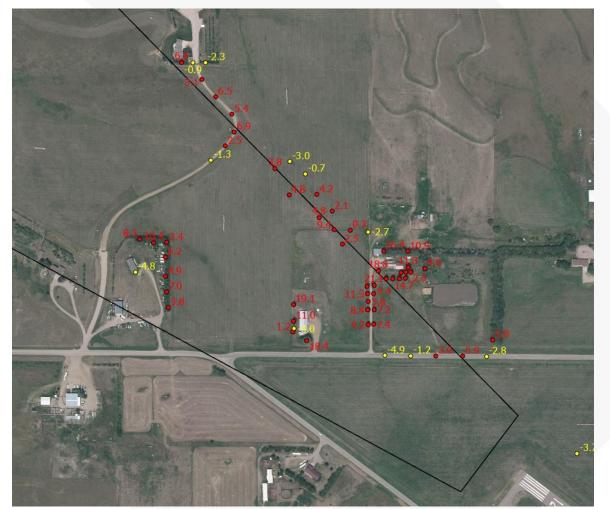
Blue highlight – Demand based Hangars. Orange highlight – Demand based Other development.

Obstruction Analysis – Runway 12 End

13B (20:1)

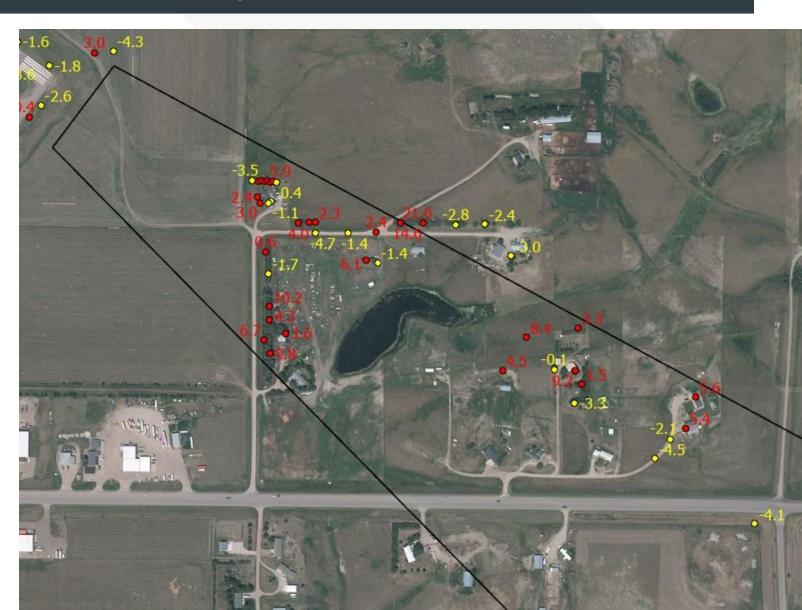


Part 77 (34:1)



Obstruction Analysis – Runway 30 End (Part 77 34:1)

- Obstacle Action Plan
 - > Tree Mitigation
 - Obstruction Evaluation
 - Relocate Runway 17
 Threshold



Next Steps

- > Finalize Airport Layout Plan
- > Submit ALP to FAA for Review (6-18 months)
- > Implementation Steps

https://inputcentral.com/mobridge-airport-plan



Questions/Comments

Kent Penney, Principal Aviation Planner

kent.penney@kljeng.com

605.939.9535 m

605.872.5005 o

Amber Channel, Aviation Planner

amber.channel@kljeng.com

303.875.0357 m

605.600.3843 o

